

people technology It's the economy, stupid

Energy services, flexibility and data Part I

Energy Systems MSc – Energy Demand – MT2024 Phil Grunewald

energy-use.org/slides

Part I

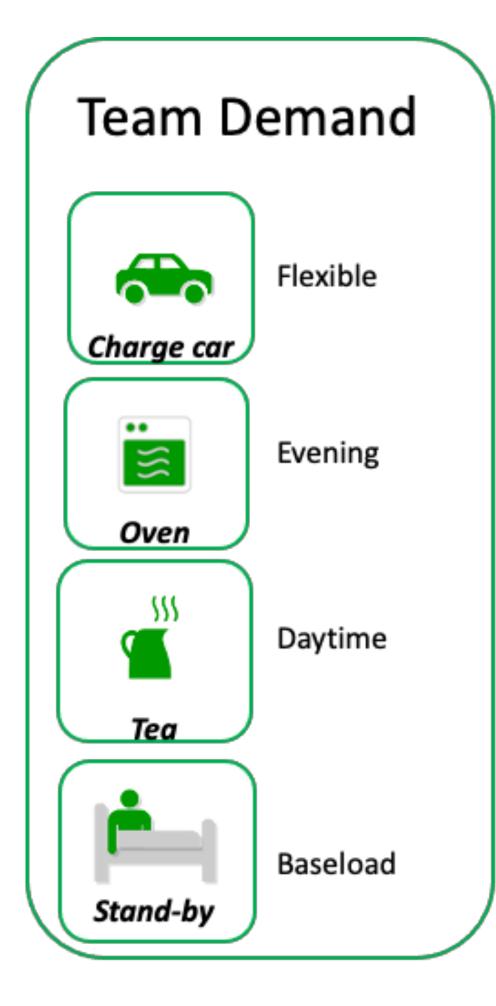
- System flexibility
- Energy needs and uses
- Feedback systems
- Causality

Part II

- Demand side flexibility
- Price elasticity
- Data and privacy
- Synthetic data







Team Supply

Each Item = 10 GW

Peaker OCGT £30 /MWh



Gas CCGT £20 /MWh



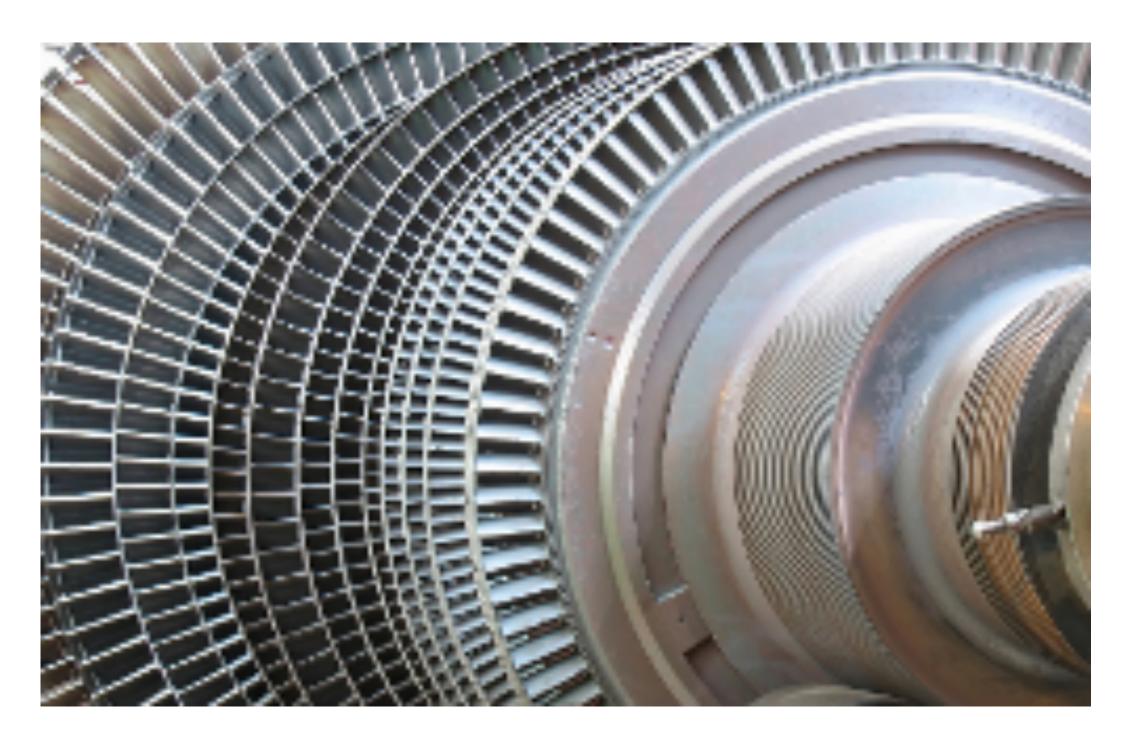
Nuclear £1 /MWh



Renewables £0 /MWh



Merit order
Peak pricing
Curtailment
Spinning reserve

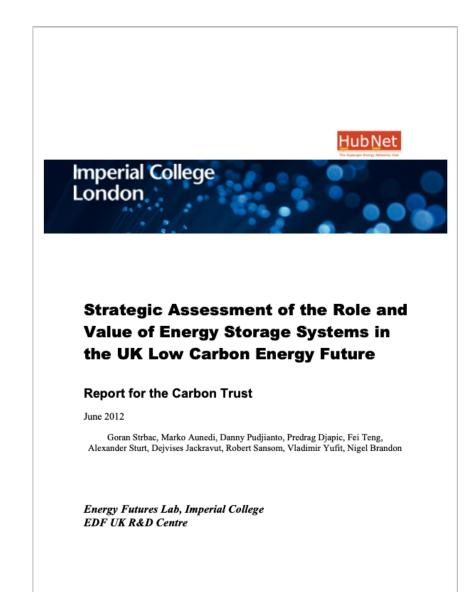


The (passive) flexibility we will miss









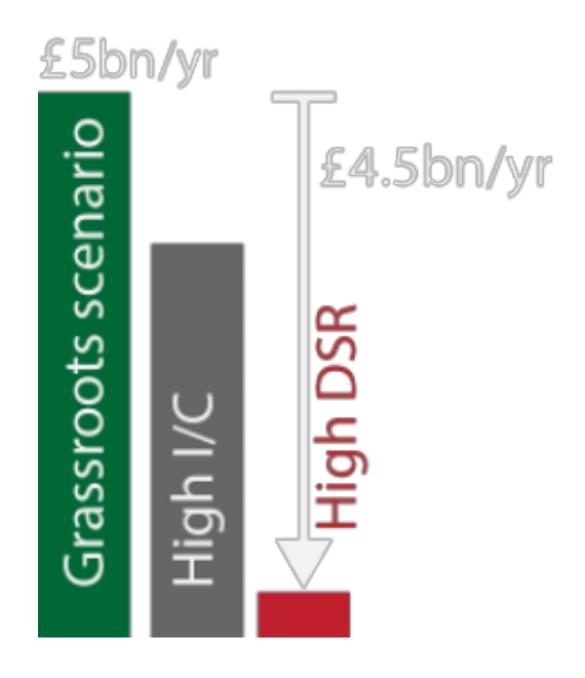
Estimated cost saving

£40 (up to)

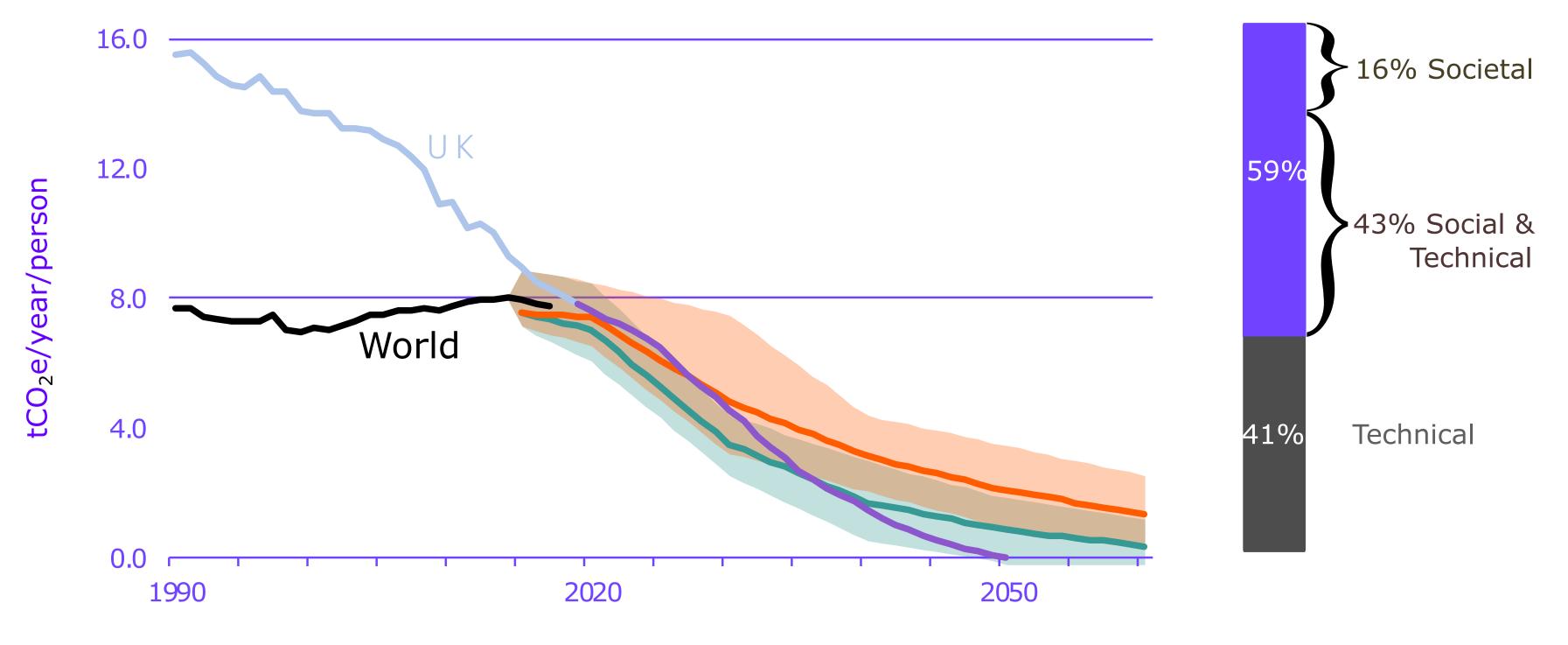
From savings on

- 1) Capacity
- 2) Operation
- 3) Networks, I/C

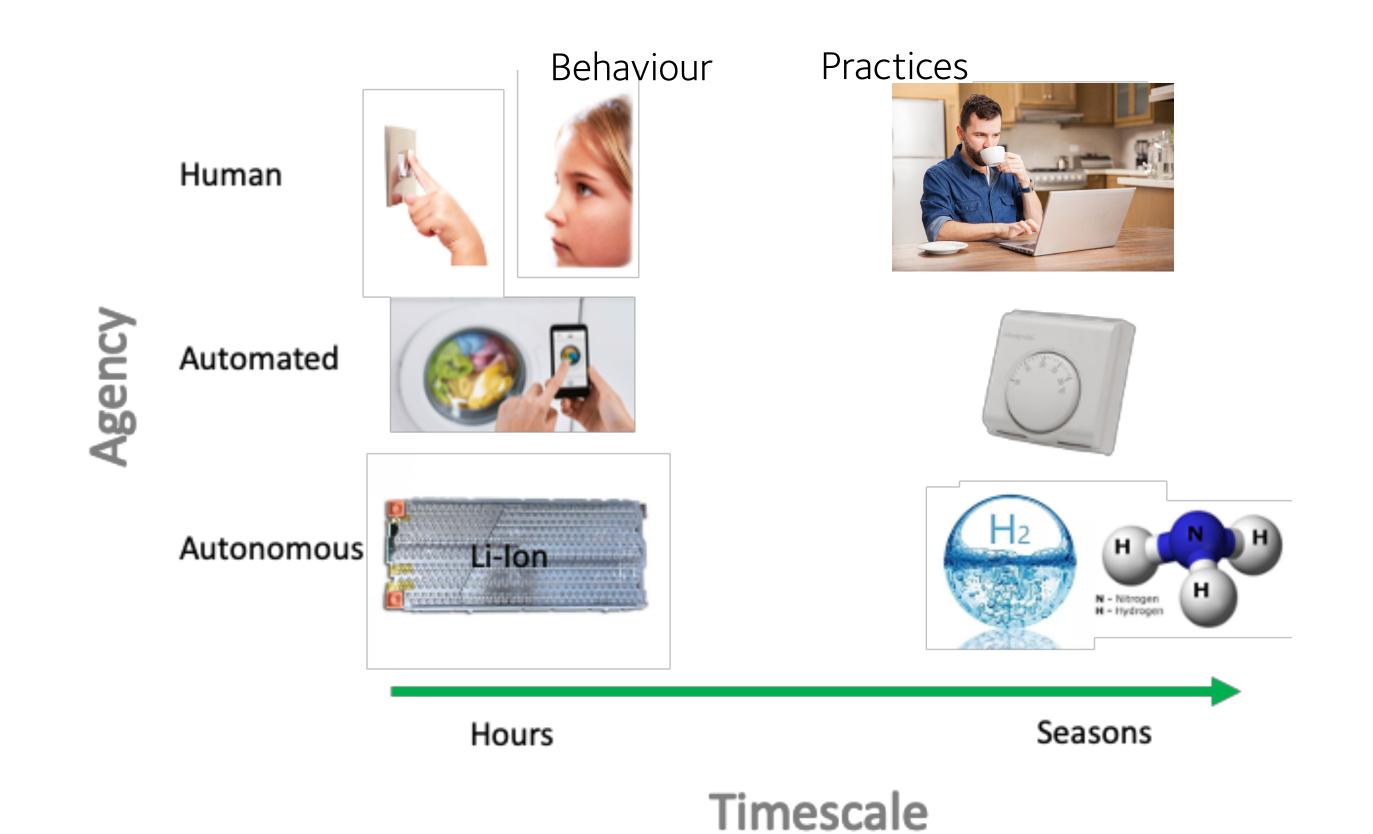
Demand matters



No demand measures - no net zero

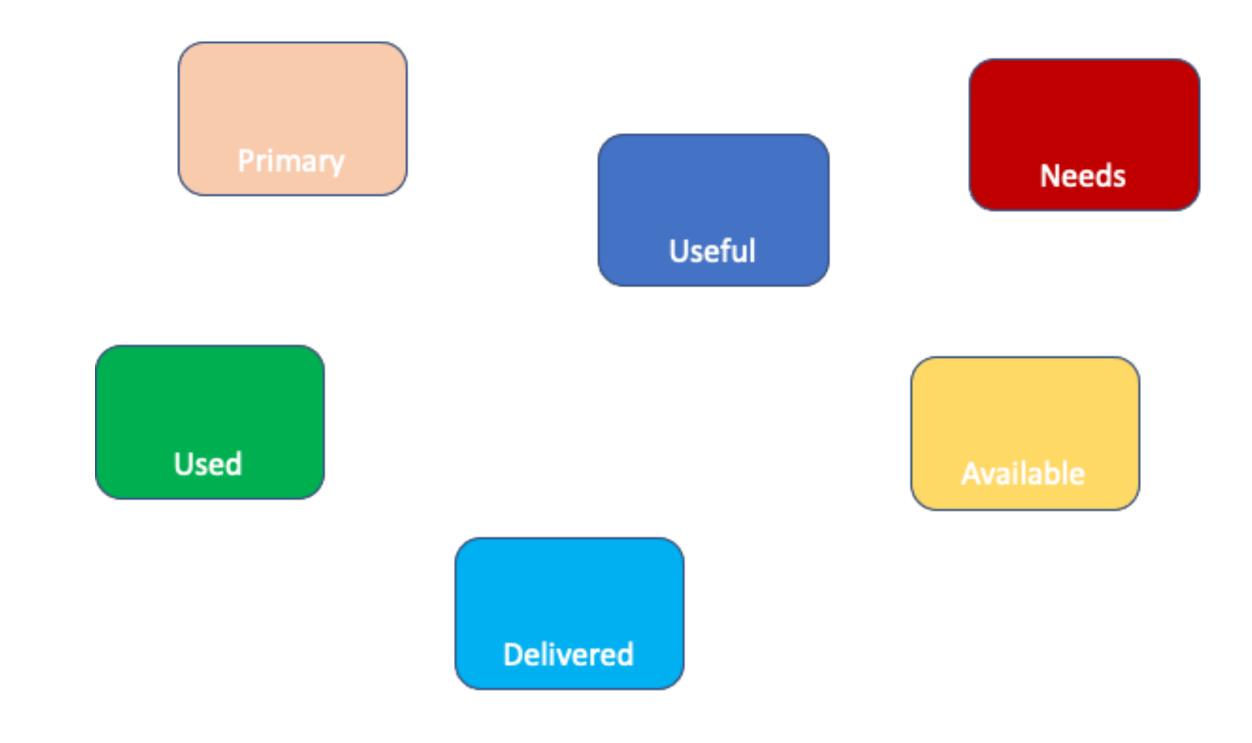


Source: Climate Change Committee. The UK's path to net zero. The sixth carbon budget, Climate Change Committee, December 2020

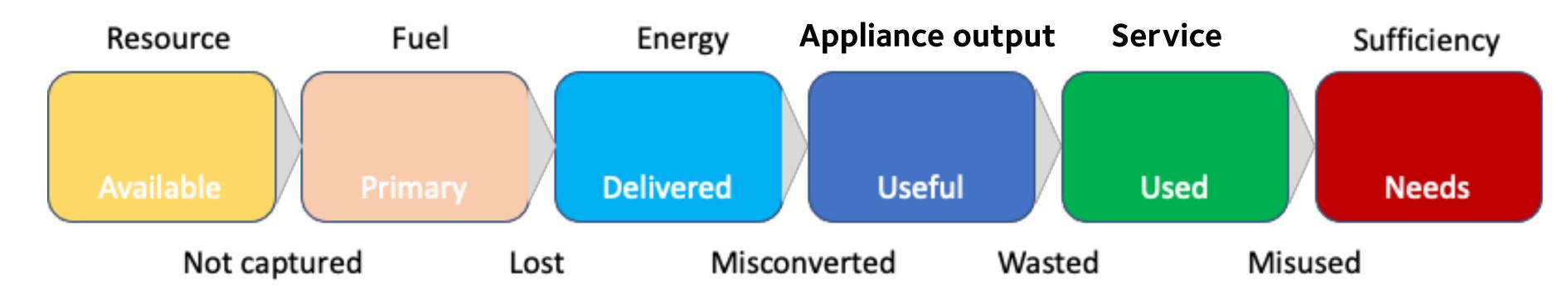


Energy needs and uses

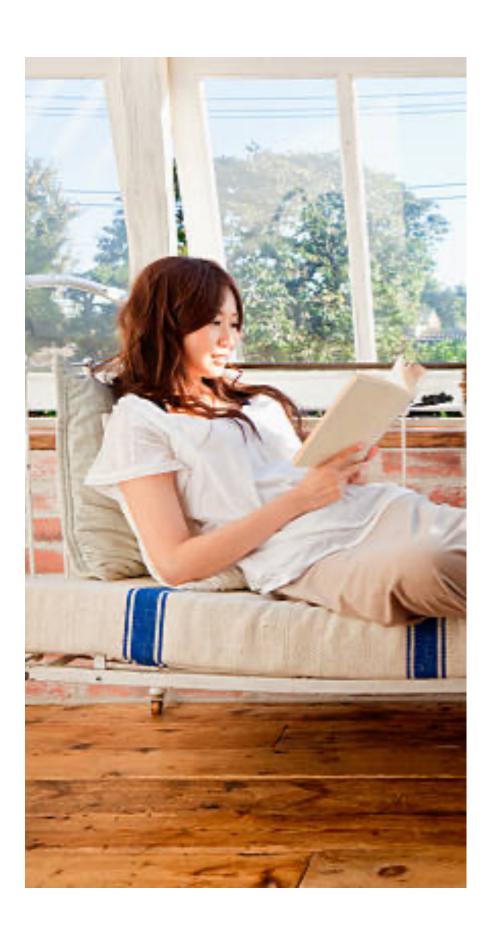
Energy concepts



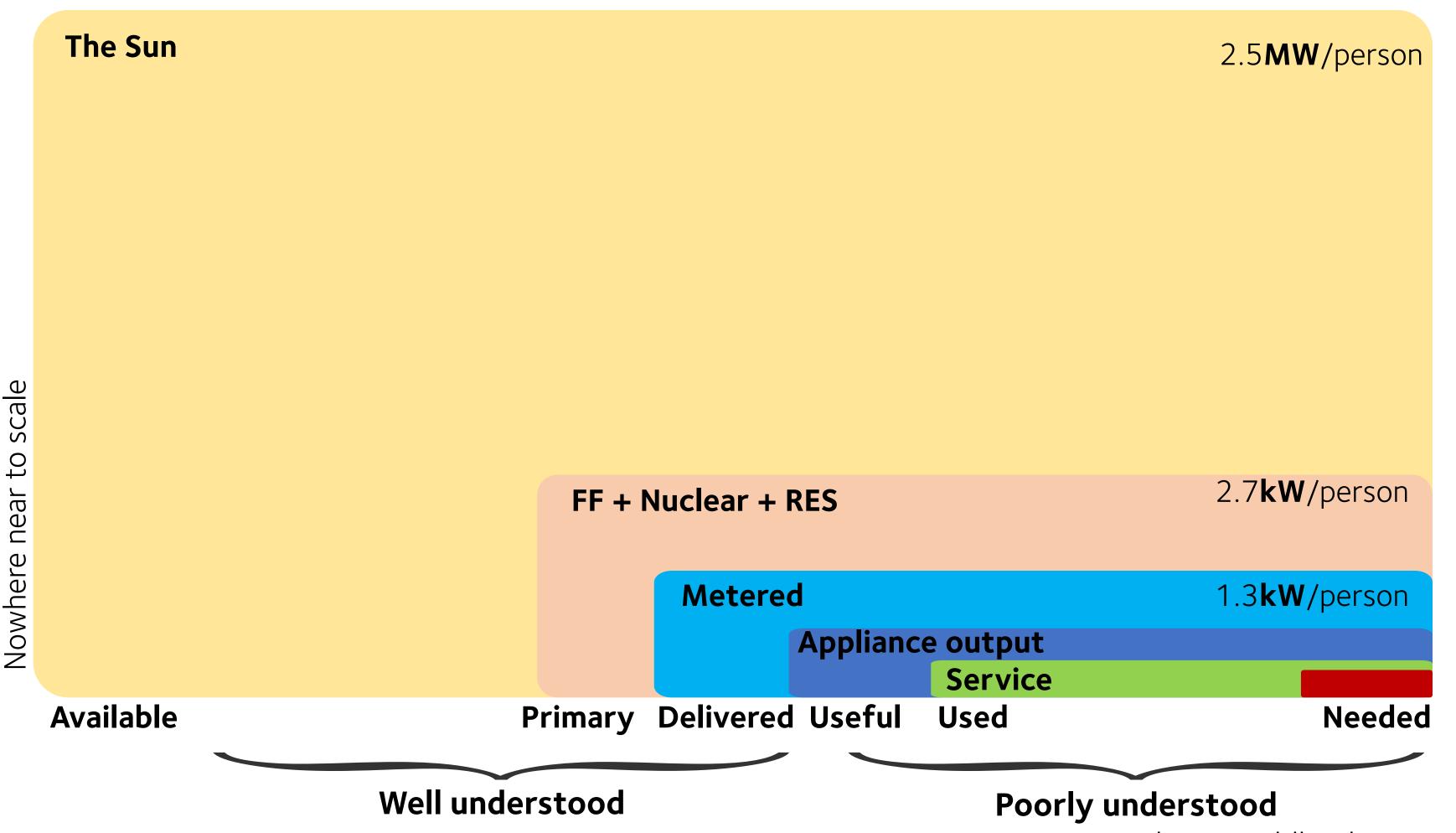
Meaning and order of different energy forms









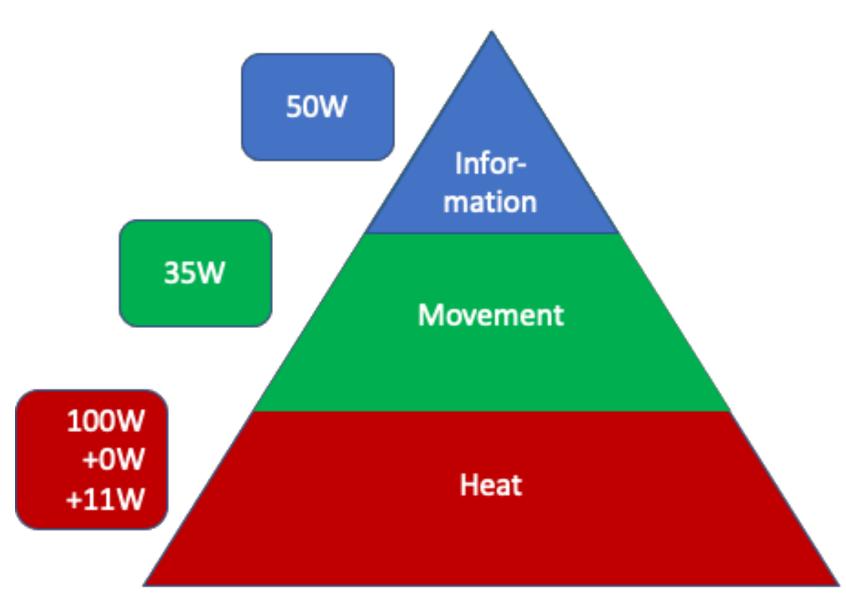


data: worldbank.org, iea.org

Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs



Energy service needs



Information

- 60W / GB (IEA)
- Streaming at 1.25 GB 16 hours per day

Movement

- $E = m (v^2/2 + g h)$
- m=100kg, v=100km/h, h=100m
- 5 trips per day: 830Wh

Heat (100W ~2,000kcal)

- E = -k **∆**T A
- Inside 36°C, outside 0°C, surface 2m², E=100W
- k = -1.4 W/mK

Coolth

Inside 36°C, outside 40°C, k = -1.4W/mK

Energy service needs

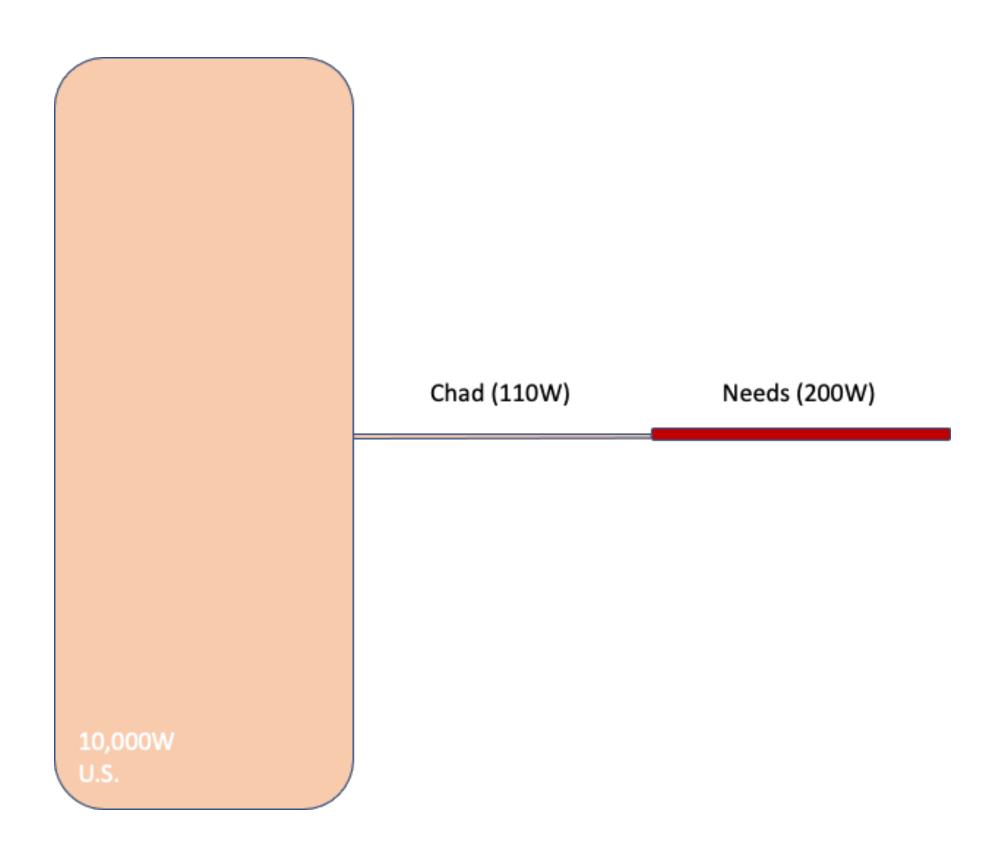
2.5**MW**/person

Efficiency requirement ~1 in 10,000

(Yes we can meet everyone's needs sustainably)



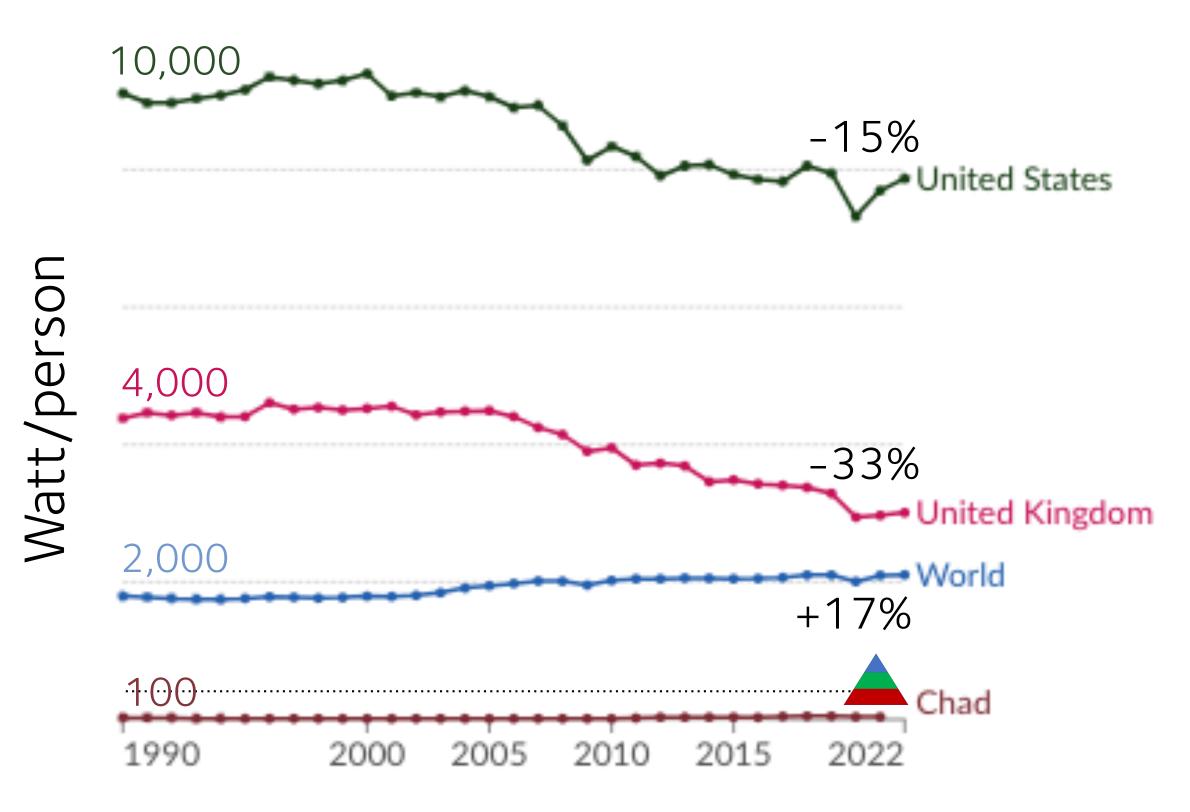
Energy service needs



Energy use

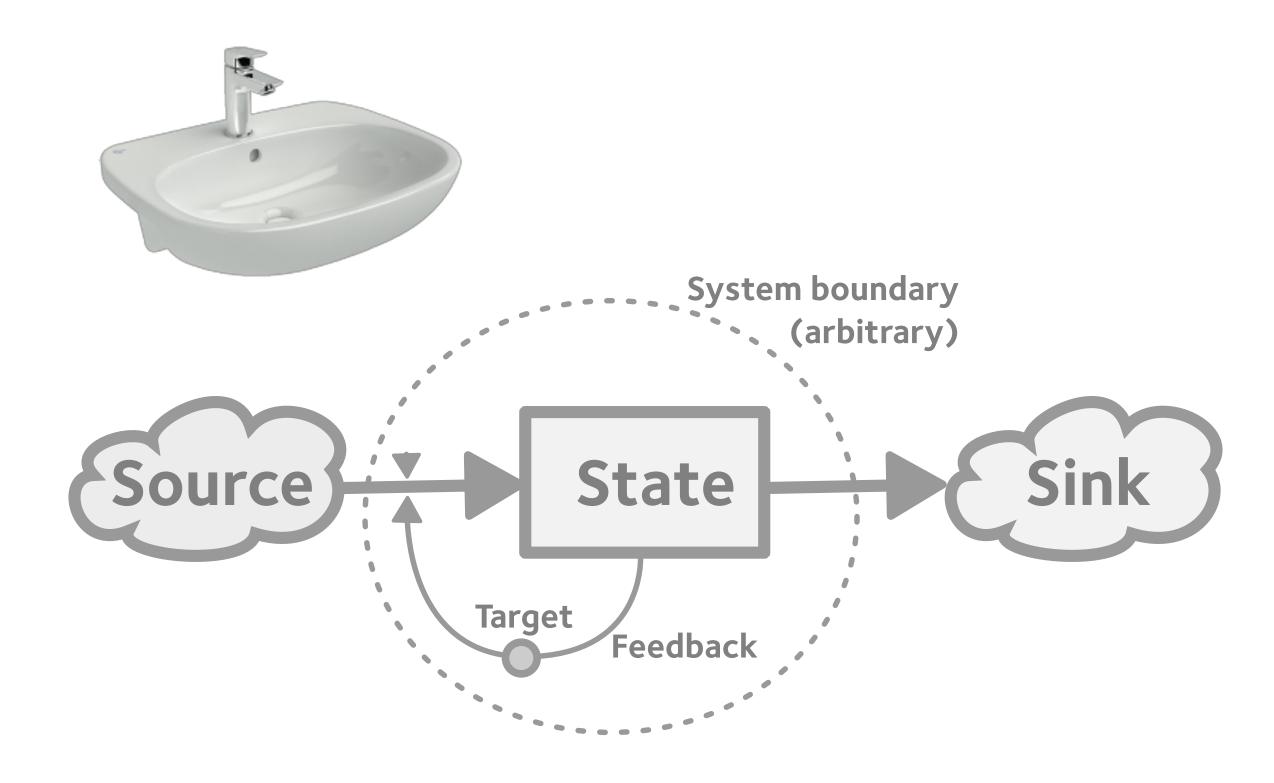
Over the past 30 years Energy use in the UK

- a) Increased 50%
- b) Increased 20%
- c) stayed the same
- d) reduced by 20%



Feedback Systems

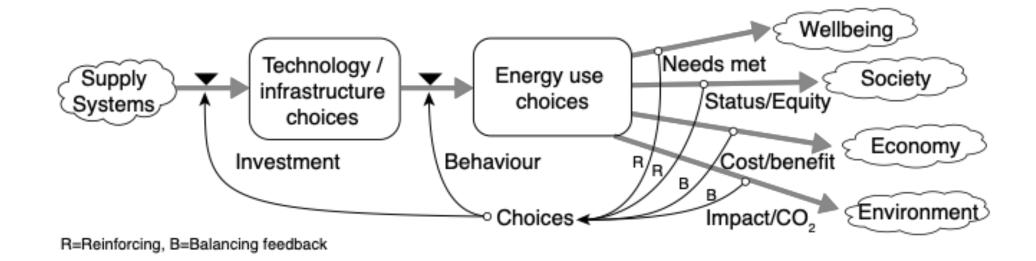
Thinking in Systems Donella H. Meadows



Energy feedback

Good feedback is:

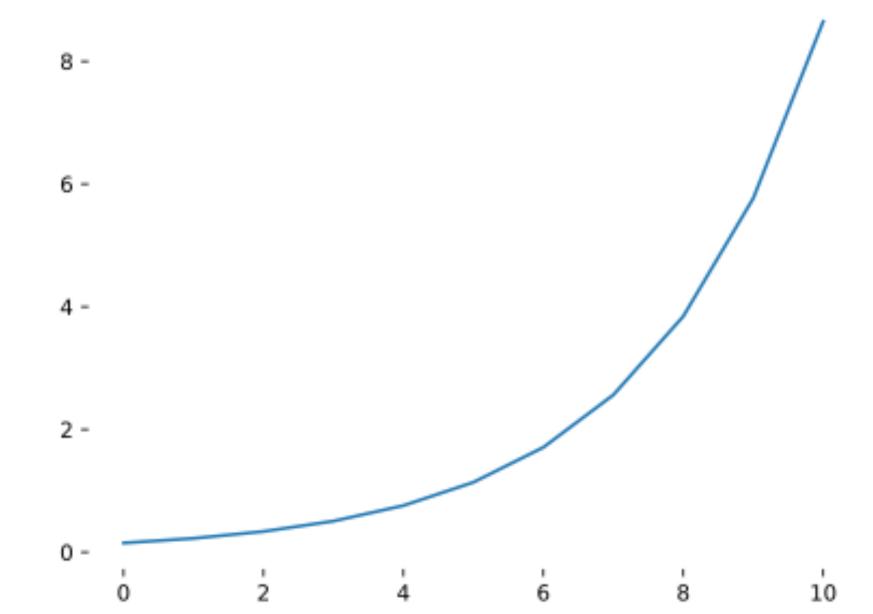
- Timely (not just fast)
- Accurate
- Relevant to system goals



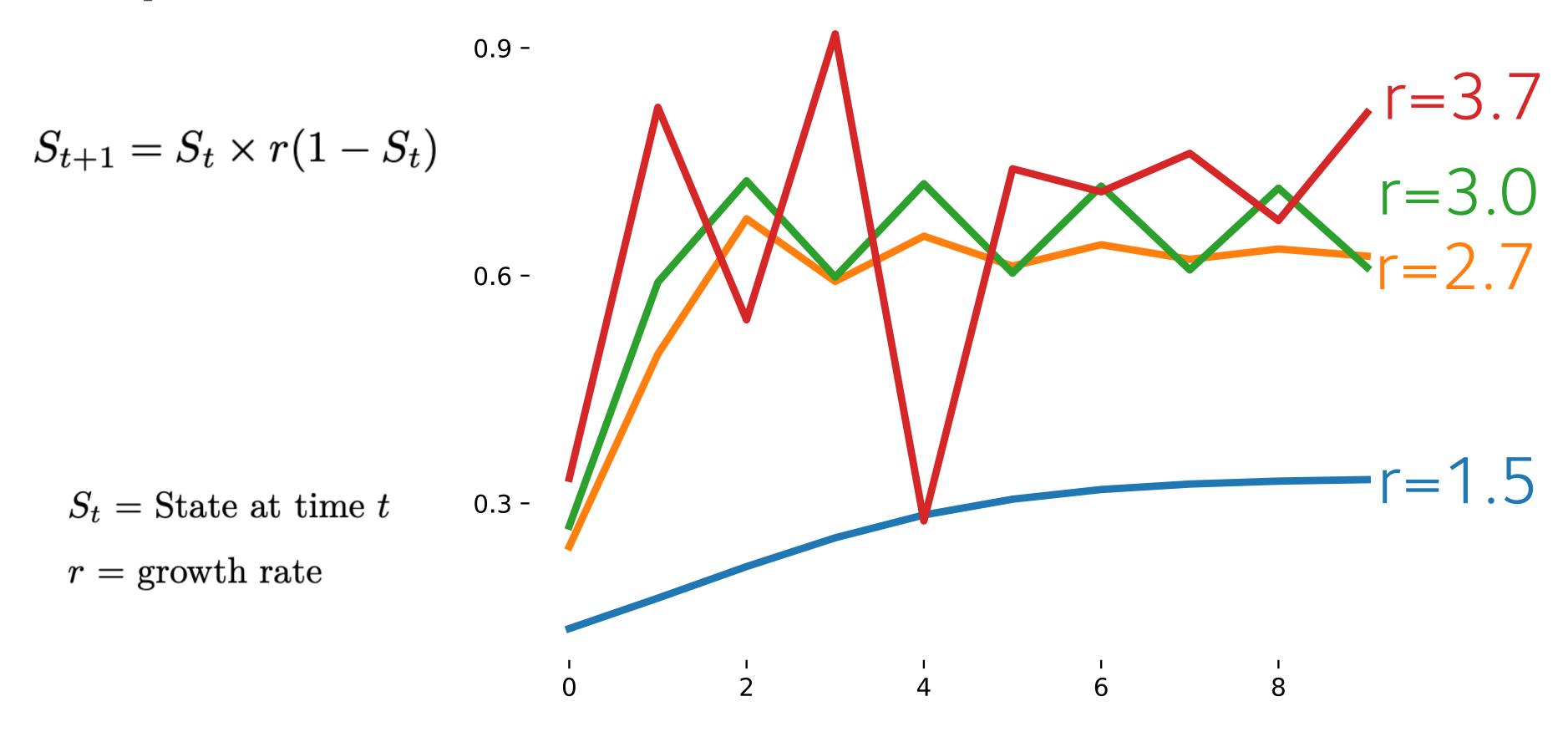
The power of feedback

$$S_{t+1} = S_t \times r$$

 $S_t = \text{State at time } t$ r = growth rate

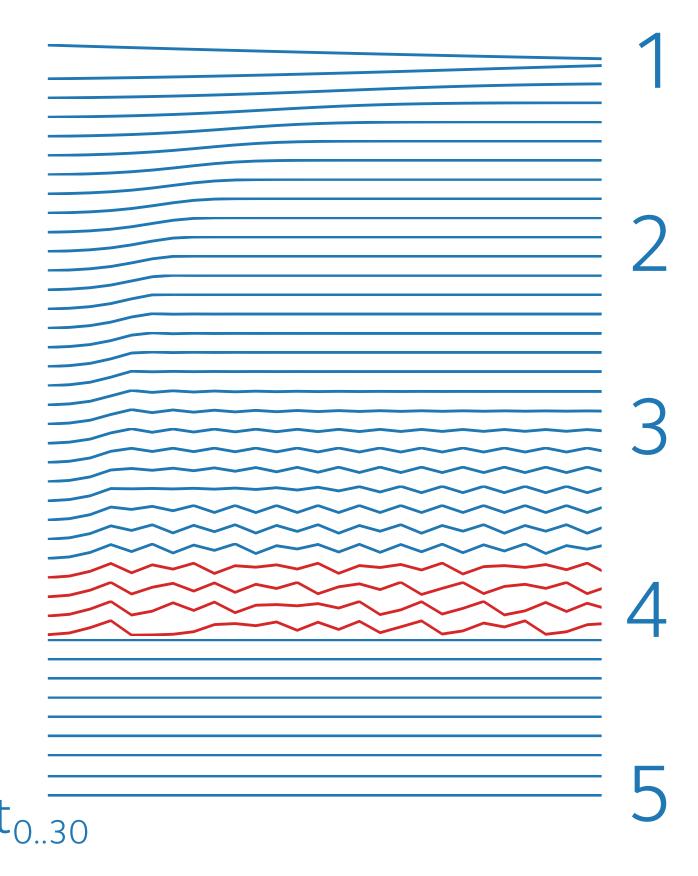


The power of feedback



The power of feedback

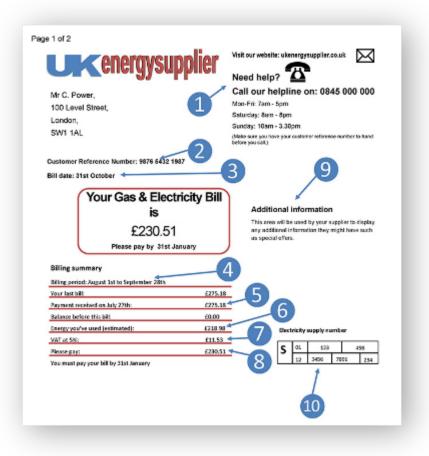
$$S_{t+1} = S_t \times r(1 - S_t)$$

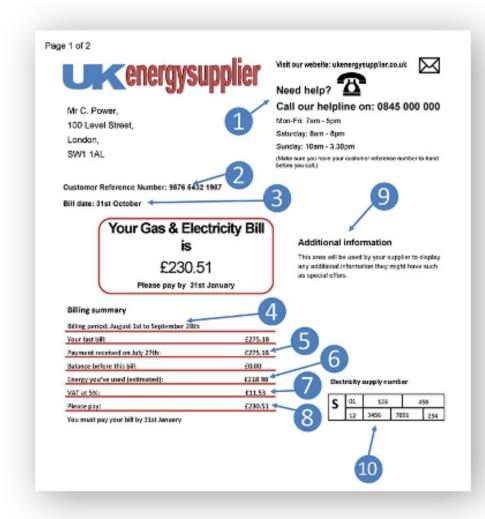


Good feedback?



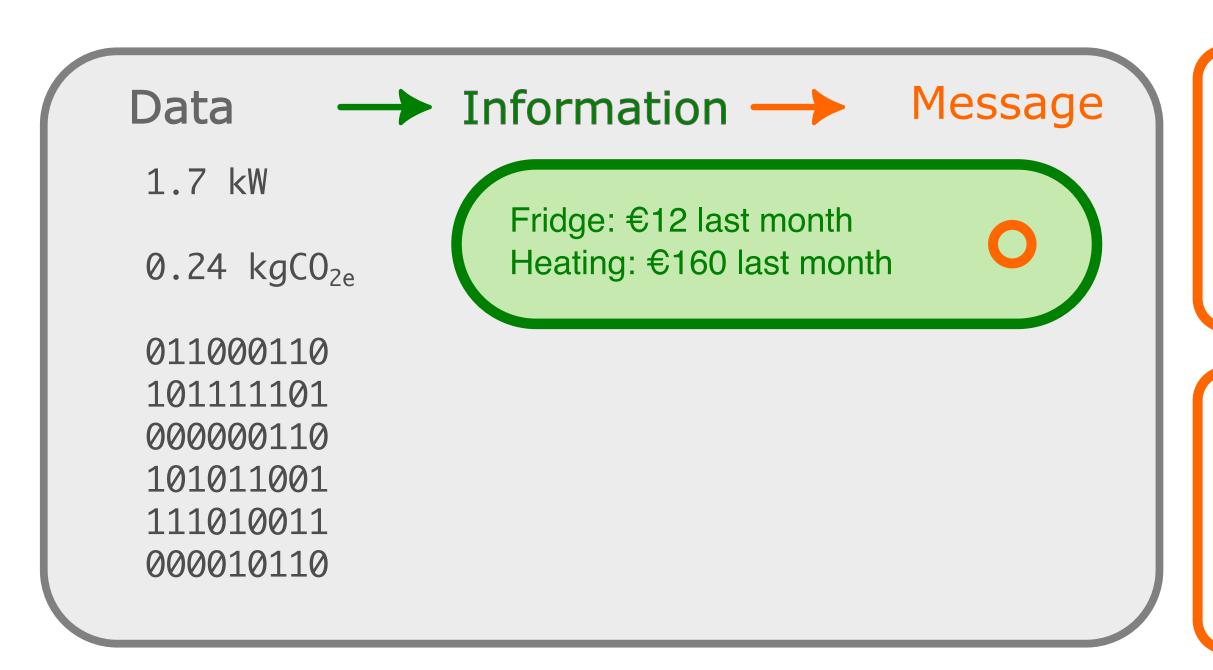






TESCO	
MUSSELBURGH 0485 677 9479	
LOTTO BOTH CHOC DIGESTIVE * CHOC DIGESTIVE * BEETROOT CHOPPED HAM CHOPPED HAM POTATOES NEWSPAPER BANANAS	4.00 0.25 0.25 90.20 0.35 0.18 0.35 0.79
TOTAL	96.72

Data for feedback



A new 50l fridge suits your needs and pays for itself in 2 years.

(options) do it

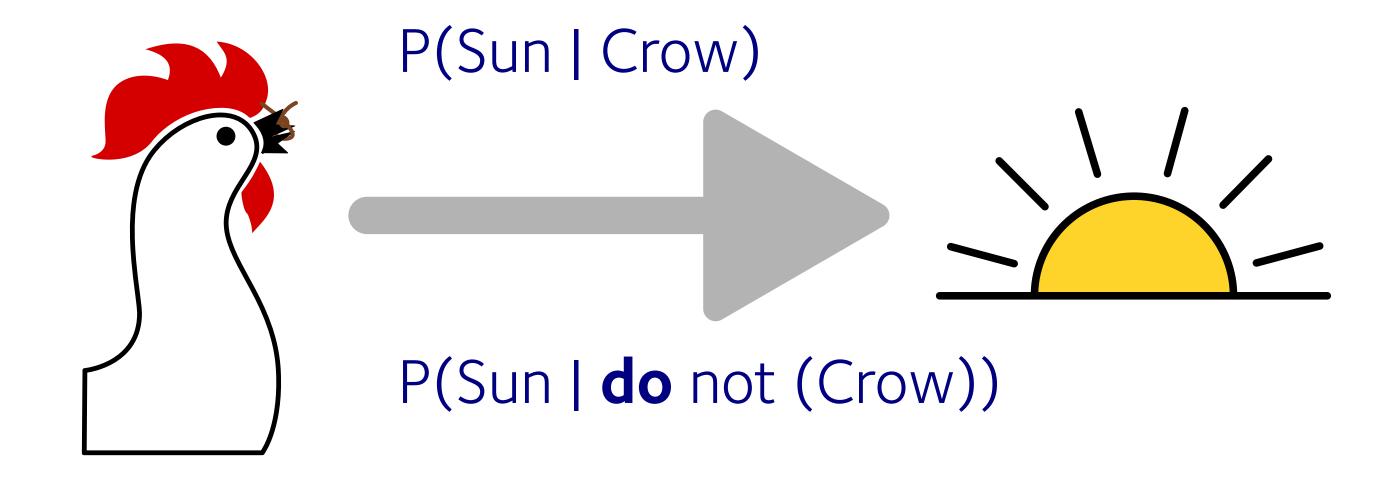
A 3kW heat pump is your best next carbon saving step for you

(options) do it

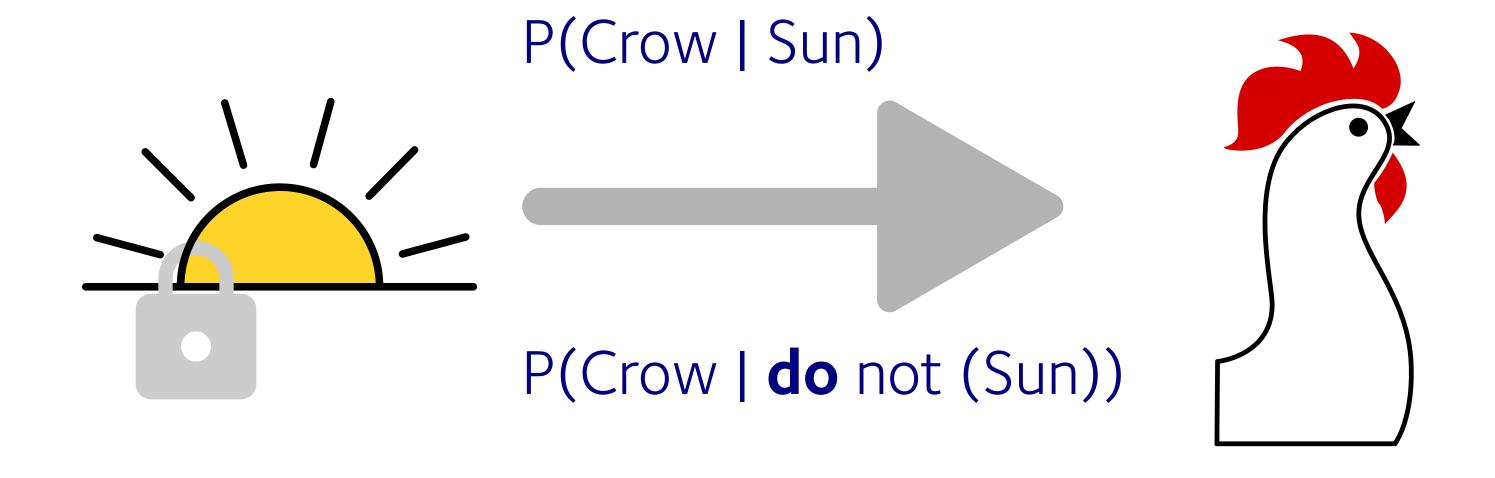


Judea Pearl

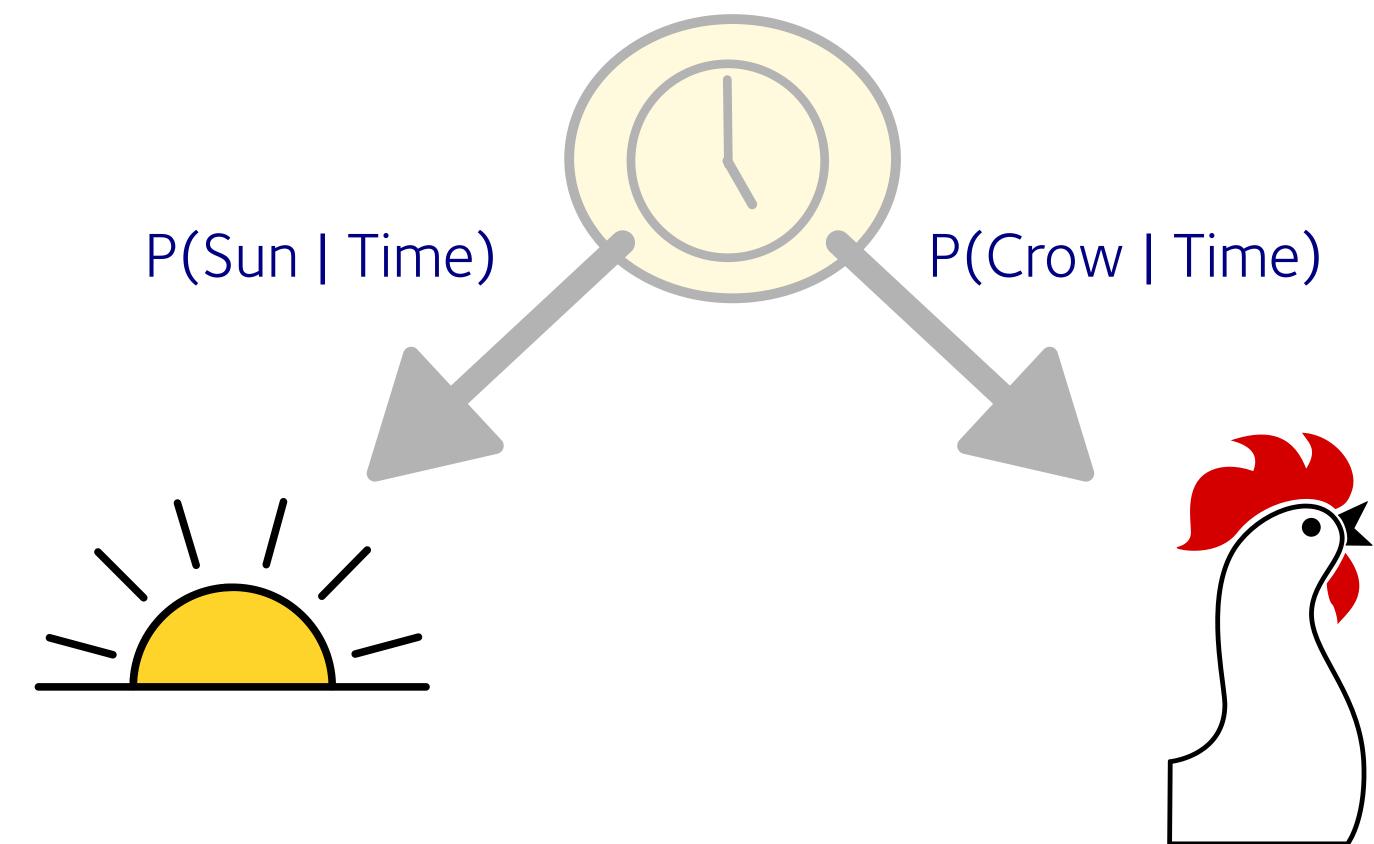
What causes the sun to rise?



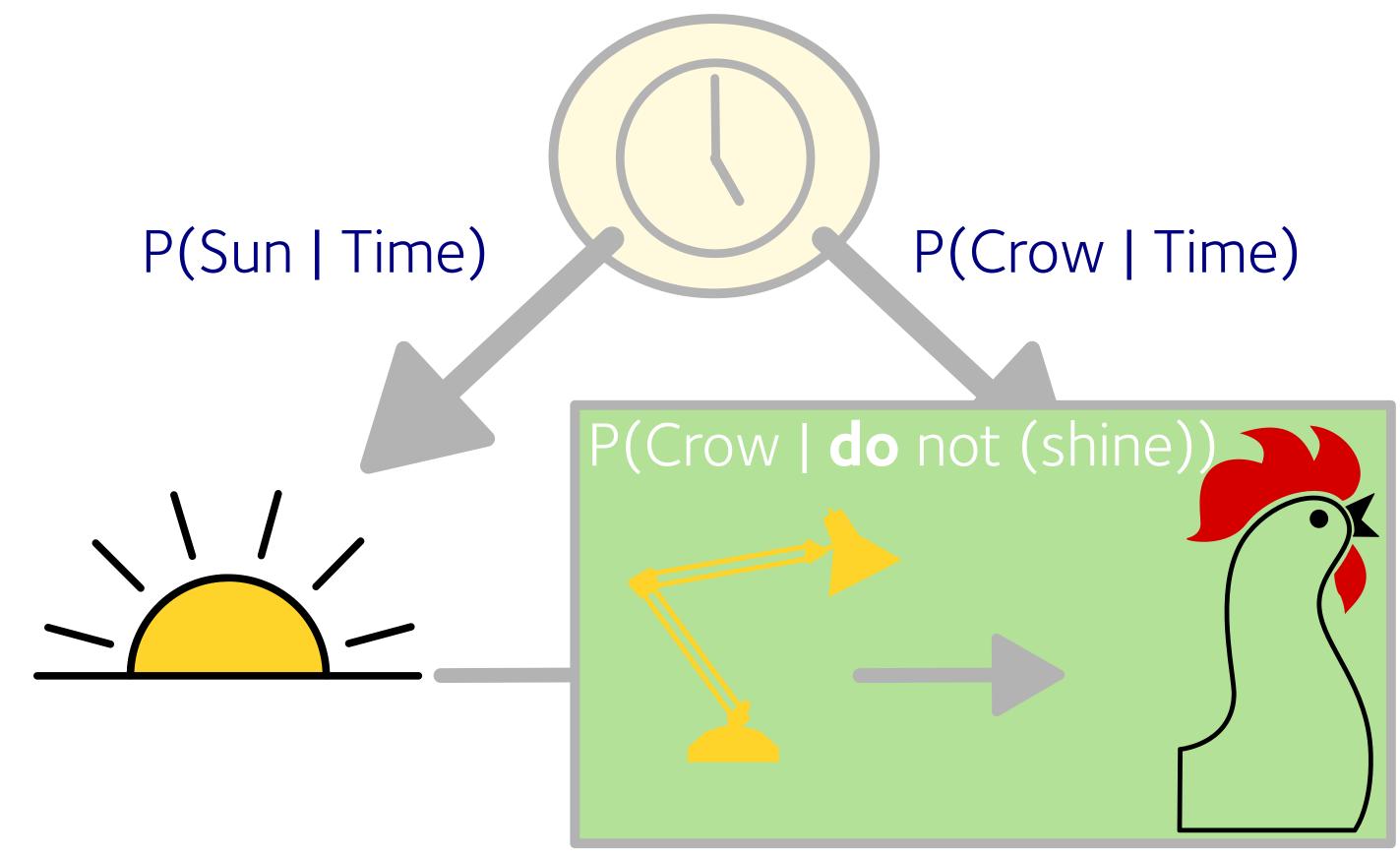
What causes the the cockerill to crow?



How to eliminate confounders?



How to eliminate confounders?



To understand causes we need (up to) three things

Causal model

Observation

Do something

Energy demand research is evolving

Understanding Demand

No data

Assume & model

What I think people do



Some data

Interpolate & scale up

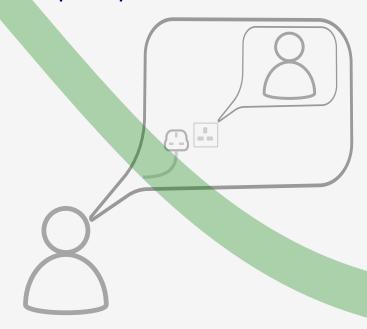
What **people** think they do



Big data

Train model & analyse

What **data** says people do



Understanding demand

the hard way





EDDI

Diary

CAD (Consumer Access Device)

Current clamp

While you record activities, I take

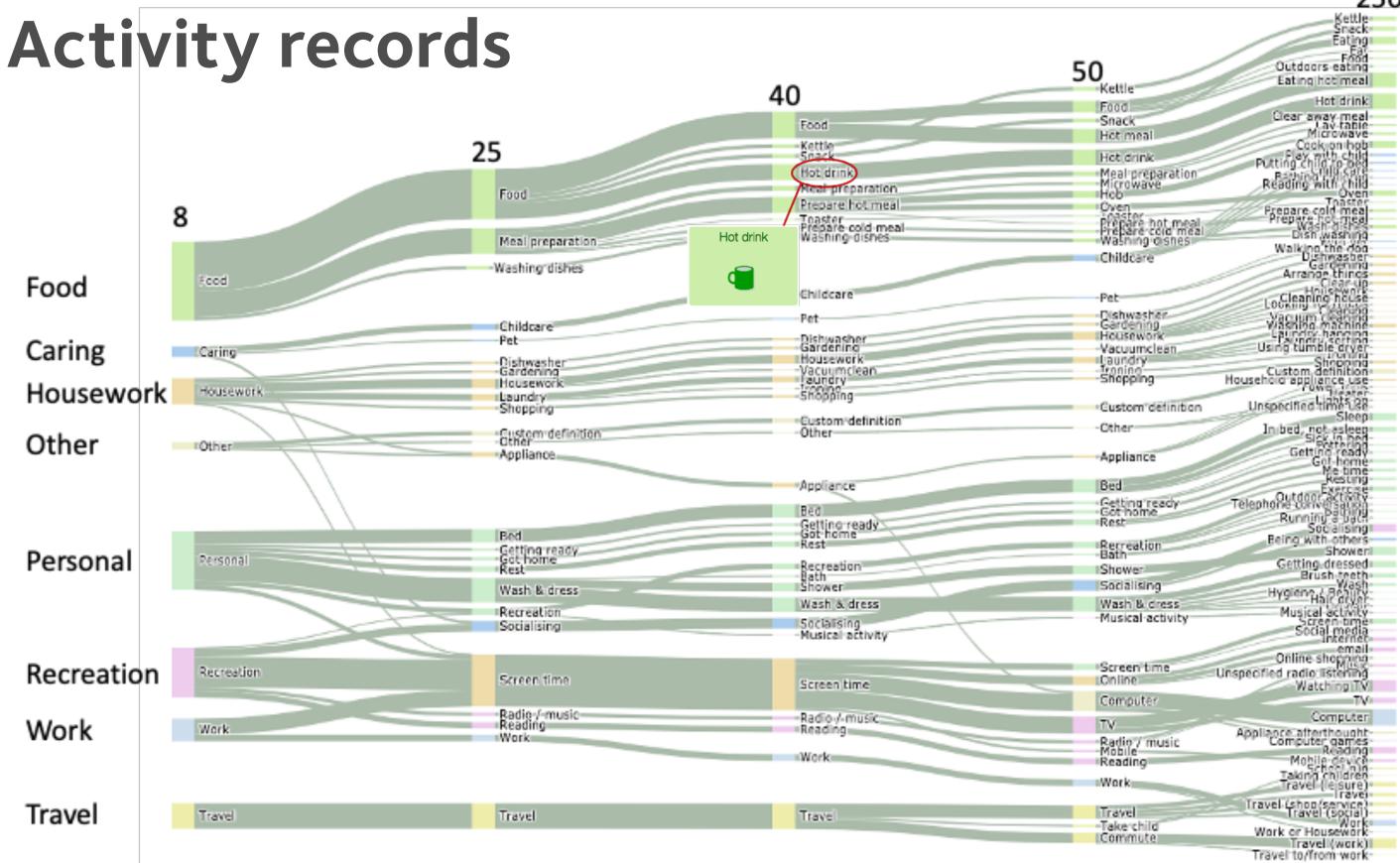
electricity readings.

activity booklet(s) in the pre-paid envelope

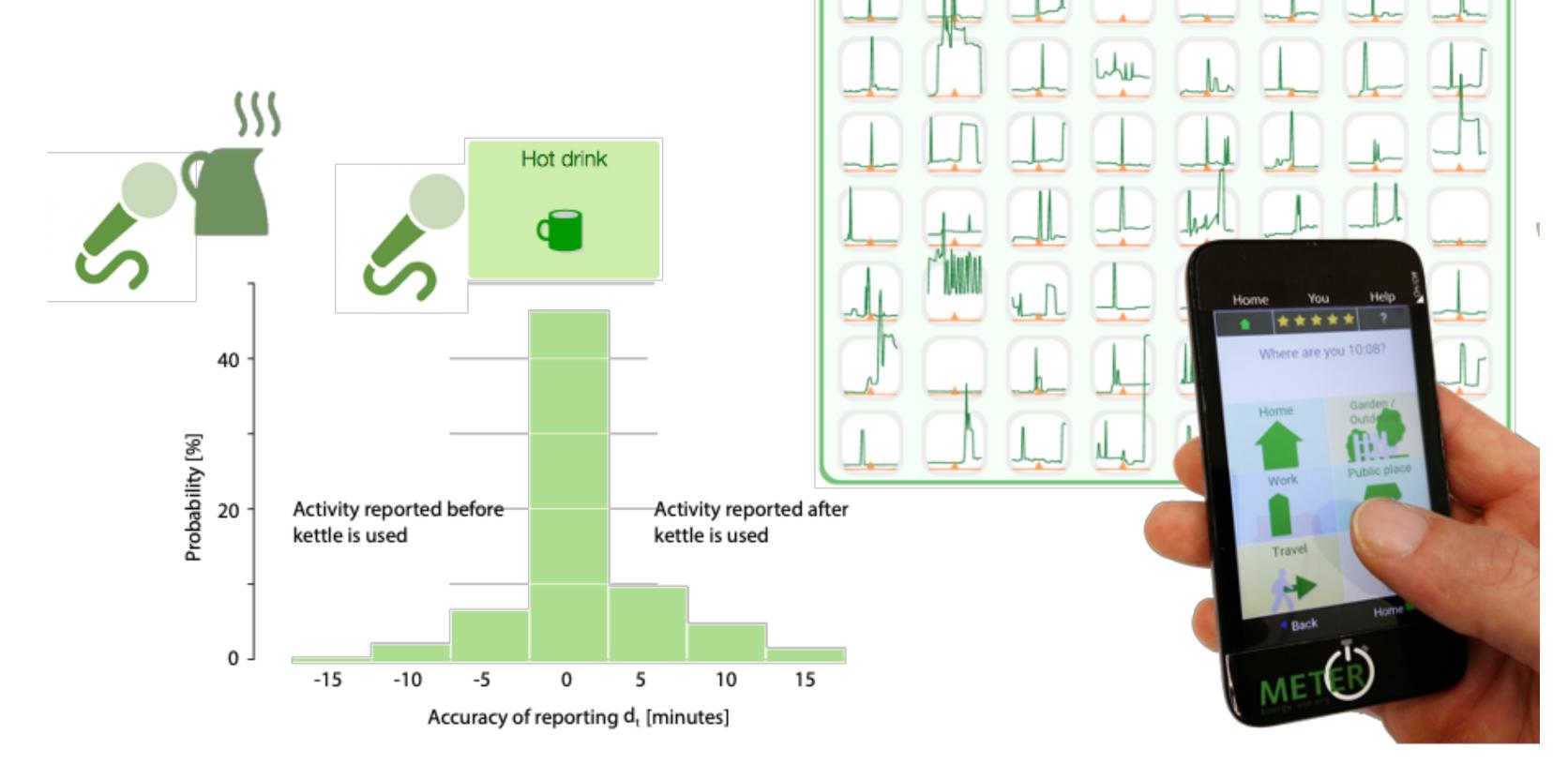
before approaching your meter.







Tea-test



What is the 'marginal' contribution so of activities to demand?

Bergy's balange the party strate

Contracts lists positable at him well-red

Energy & Buildings

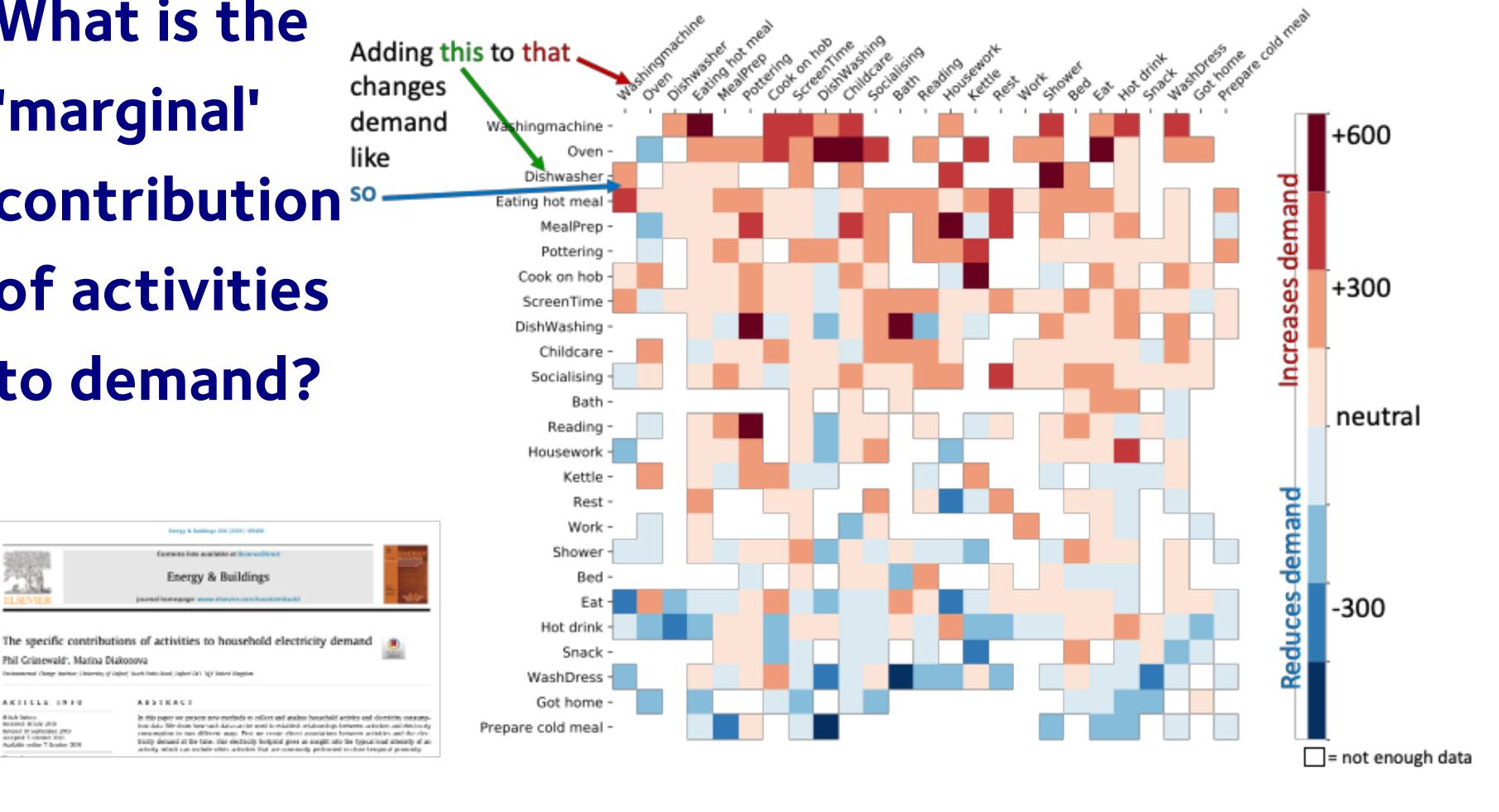
Phil Grünewald', Marina Diakonova

AKTICLE INFO

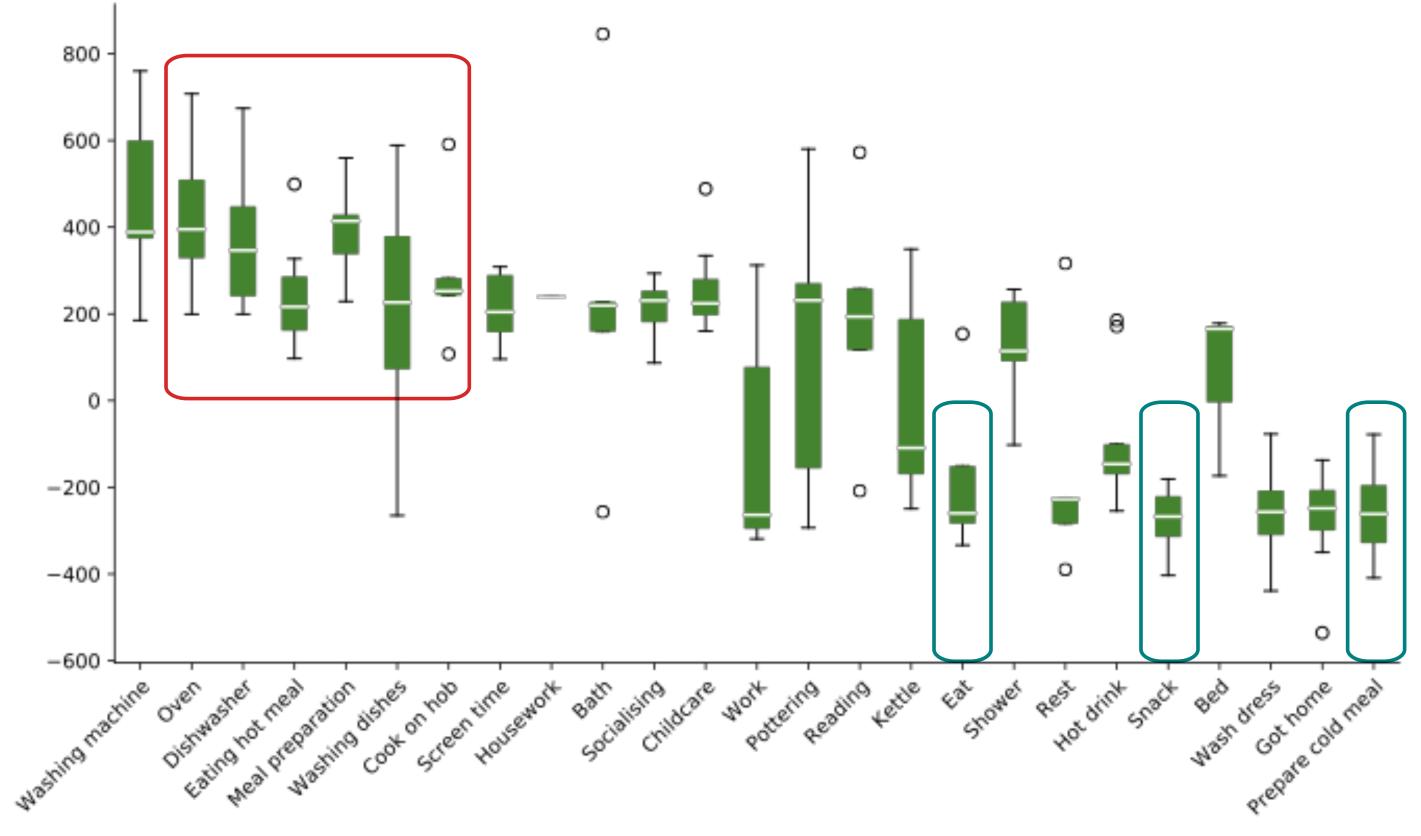
Misch Select Booked Brissy 2019

Street Displanter (RV)

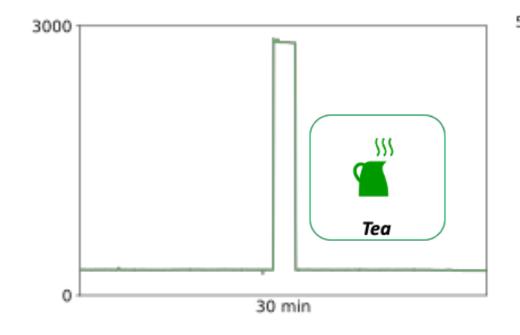
Decision and Charge Instrum; University of Online) Search Participant, Online 1007, 1007 States Hoppins

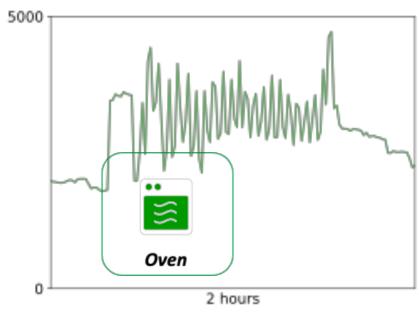


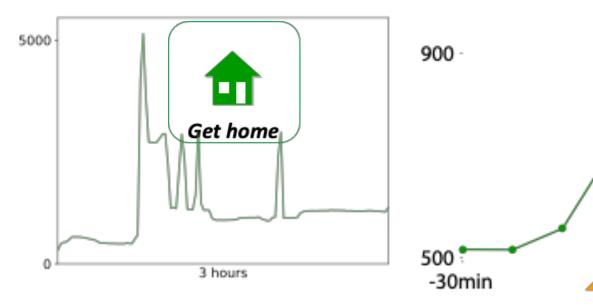
Marginal contribution of activities to demand

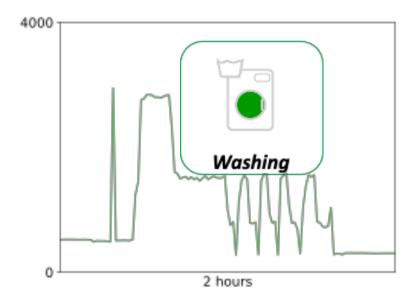


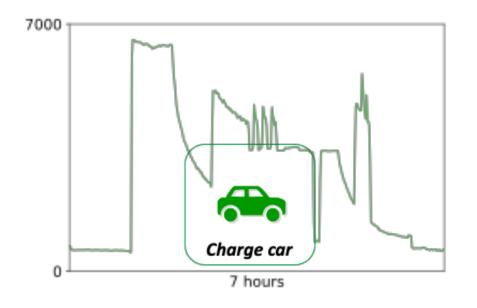
Watts this?

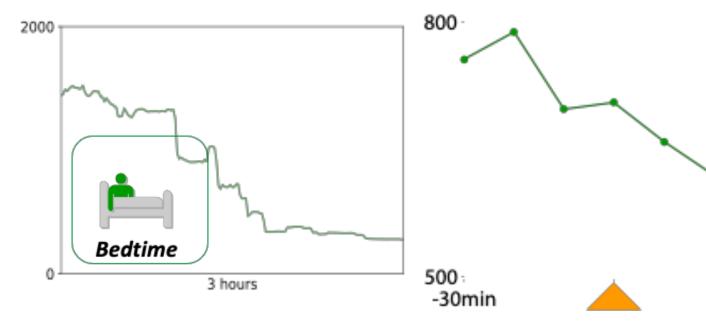












+30min

+30min

DTW clusters

n=52 Average electricity use (-) n = 14Average electricity use at 6pm (-) n=7(+) Average electricity use at 6pm How many rooms? (-) (+) Average electricity use n = 11(+) Average electricity use (+) How much do you spend on energy? What type of property? (+) Average electricity use (+) (+) Average electricity use at 6pm How many adults? (-) (+) Energy spend (+) Average electricity use Have an electric heat pump (+) (+) Energy spend How much do you spend on energy? (-) (+) Average electricity use at 6pm (+) How many rooms? Average electricity use at 6pm (+) (+) Living rent free How many rooms does your home have? (-) (+) Detached house (+) Unlikely to buy an electric vehicle How much do you spend on energy? (+) Would buy an electric vehicle (-) (-) In employment (+) Unsure about heat pump (-) Would install an electric heat pump Would install an electric heat pump (+) Dog owner (+) (+) Bungalow Universal Credit (+) House type (+) (-) Reduce water consumption Social grade (+) July January November n=38 Energy spend (+) n = 49(-) Energy spend (+) Dog owner 9am noon 3pm 6pm 9pm 6pm 9pm 9am noon 3pm 6pm 9am 3pm noon (+) Universal Credit n = 23n = 74n=5 El. quantile 50 (-) n = 59El. quantile 25 (-) (+) How many rooms does your home have (+) Standard tariff n=29 Agerage electricity use (-) (+) Average electricity use at 6pm (+) Heat pump (-) Average electricity use at 6pm Average electricity use at 6pm (-) (-) How many rooms does your home have (-) Load response in intervention (-) How much do you spend on energy? How much do you spend on energy? (-) (+) How much do you spend on energy? (+) Number of rooms (-) Average electricity use How many adults? (-) (-) What type of property? (+) Very likely to buy an EV (-) How many adults? What type of property do you live in? (+) (-) House type (+) How many adults? (+) Detached house (+) No energy saving behaviours (+) Average electricity use (+) Type of energy tariff (+) Southern England n = 42(+) How many rooms? (+) How much do you spend on energy? (-) Type of property (+) Average electricity use at 6pm

Top 12 enjoyable activities

- 1. Socialising
- 2. Reading
- 3. Eating hot meal
- 4. Snack
- Exercise
- 6. Sleep
- 7. Hot drink
- 8. TV
- Got home
- 10. Eating
- 11. Me time
- 12. Gardening



- 1. Clear up
- 2. Wash dishes
- 3. Washing machine
- 4. Clear away meal
- 5. Wash
- 6. Travel (work)
- 7. Arrange things
- Getting dressed
- 9. Brush teeth
- 10. Work
- 11. Computer
- 12. Travel (shop/service)



Enjoyment of activities and demand



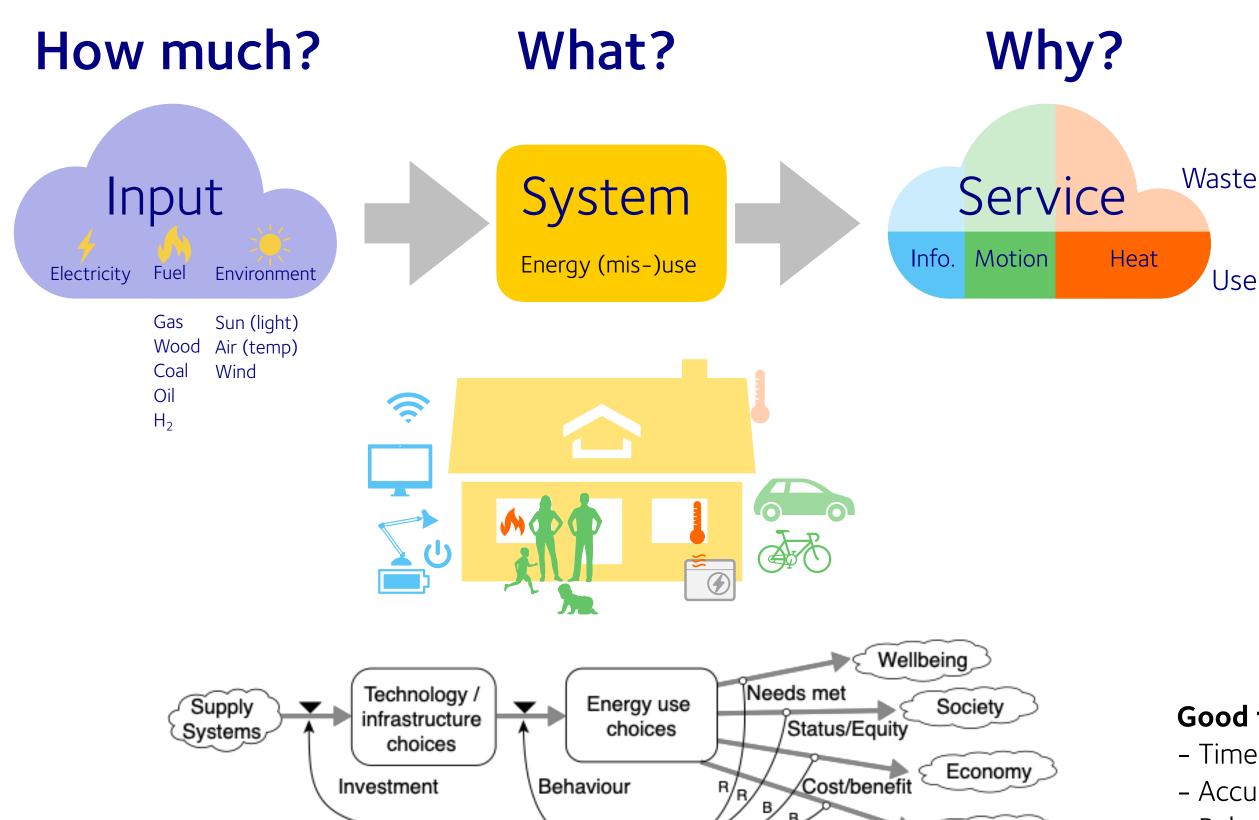
Part I

- System flexibility
- Energy needs and uses
- Feedback systems
- Causality

Part II

- Demand side flexibility
- Price elasticity
- Data and privacy
- Synthetic data

To change energy use we need to understand energy use (as a system)



Choices

R=Reinforcing, B=Balancing feedback

Good feedback is:

- Timely (not just fast)
- Accurate

⟨Environment⟩

Impact/CO₂

- Relevant to system goals